

Agenda



- Understand how a transition IEP is different from pretransition IEPs
- · Review requirements for transition planning
- Learn to create a present-level statement that reflects transition needs
- Understand differences between annual IEP goals and postsecondary transition goals
- Define components of effective postsecondary goals
- Identify keys for successful collaboration
- Share resources for dispute resolution



What is a Transition IEP?

- Facilitates movement from school to post-school activities, including employment
- Uses information from the Educational Development Plan (EDP) and transition assessments
- Includes transition goals starting at age 16, or earlier if appropriate
- Includes measurable post-secondary goals
- Coordinates transition services that will lead to postsecondary goals
- Student, family, school team and outside agencies provide input





Student Input

- Students <u>always have a right</u> to attend their own IEP meetings and provide input, at any age, no matter what the disability is
- Student input is **REQUIRED** for transition IEPs



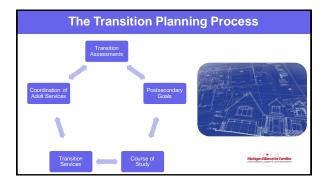
Pre-Transition IEP vs. Transition IEP (similarities)

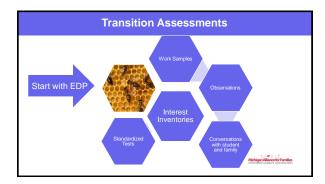
Ongoing process, reviewed annually

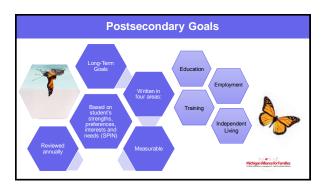
Required by law

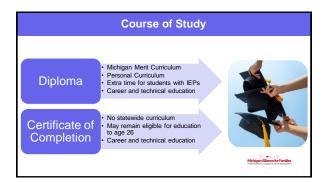
Includes statement of Present Levels of Academic Achievement and Functional Performance (PLAAFP)

Pre-Transition IEP vs. Transition IEP (differences) Pre-Transition Student input is recommended for annual goals are completed in school Collaboration with school and family Student input is required for transition goals Annual goals for school + postsecondary goals to be completed in the community after the student completes school Collaboration with school, family, student, outside agencies













Age of Majority • Schools must tell students that when they turn 18, they are an adult and have certain rights • Transfer of Rights • This must happen on or before the student's 17th birthday





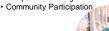
Elements Of The Transition IEP

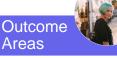
- Present Level of Academic Achievement and Functional Performance (PLAAFP) • EDP
- · Transition Assessments
- Postsecondary Goals
- Annual IEP Goals · Transition Services

Sections



- · Independent Living





What Is A Present-Level Statement?



- Present Level of Academic Achievement and Functional Performance (PLAAFP) is a snapshot of student's current abilities
- · Records how the student's disability affects learning
- · Summarizes information from student strengths and interests, parent comments, teacher observations, successful learning strategies, assessments, previous IEP goal performance and
- Special education supports and services are based on PLAAFP
- New IEP goals are based on PLAAFP

Transition Assessments in the Present-Level Statement

First, answer a series of questions about the student's needs:

- · What needs must be addressed to achieve post-secondary goals?
 - In each of these areas: instruction/training, transition services, employment skills, daily living skills, related adult services
- · Does the student need a Functional Vocational Evaluation?
- Which community experiences will help the student achieve post-second goals?
- Is there a need to develop a post-school adult living objective?
- Who or which agency might provide transition services or post-school adult services?

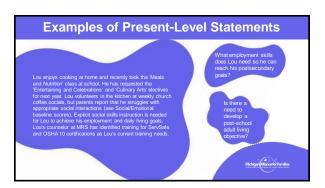
Does the student and family understand the process to connect with service providers after exiting school?





Examples of Present-Level Statements				
Bised on observation, Sammy is most happy when playing or listening to music. He participates in a cardio-drumming group on weekends, and he can sing along with all of Taylor Swifts songs. Sammy is currently unable to be dead to be dead of the control of the co	What are Sammy's current transition services? What type of institution of Sammy, Read? Michael Manus of territor			

Olivia is a hard-working 11th grade student involved in Unified Basketball at school, and has a passion for photography outside of school, for which she has work awards. Teachers report that she comes to class prepared, has a positive attitude, completes assignments on time and saks questions when unsure. Offer the properties of the control for the properties of the control for t



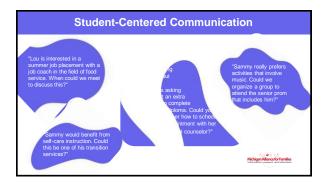
Annual *Explain what a student will learn within one academic year at school *Stepping-stones to postsecondary or *Initially described in general terms, becoming more specific in later years 1-Olivia will describe Michigan Career and Technical Institute's admission requirements and deadlines with 90% accuracy by March 20ox.* **Postsecondary** *Long-term vision achieved after exiting the school system *Initially described in general terms, becoming more specific in later years 1-Initially described in general terms, becoming more specific in later years 1-Initially described in general terms, becoming more specific in later years 1-Initially described in general terms, adjusted by the specific in later years 1-Initially described in general terms, adjusted by the school system *Initially described in general terms, becoming more specific in later years 1-Initially described in general terms, adjusted by the school system *Initially described in general terms, adjusted by the school system *Initially described in general terms, and the years 1-Initially des

Student's intent for future Connect with Present-Level Statement and SPIN Clear timeframe Describes specific action, step or activity that the student will undertake Describes any conditions that must be met Relates to postsecondary education, training, employment and/or independent living Based on data from transition assessments After exting the school system, Lou will work part-time in food service while earning his Professional Culinary Arts Certificate at Schoolcraft Community College. After graduating from the 18-26 program, Sammy will shaws, but the program that includes himself with minimal support while intended a daily skill-building program that includes music therapy.

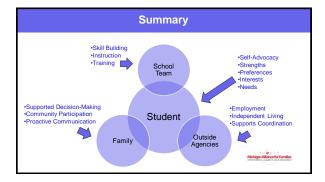








Options for Resolving Disagreements				
Informal Meeting	223	Facilitated Meeting		Mediation
State Complaint	· ·	Due Process Complaint/Hearing		
Special Education Mediation Services I-833-KIDS-1ST				Michigan Mance for Families







Michigan Alliance for Families Michigan Alliance for Families is an IDEA Grant Funded Initiative of the Michigan Department of Education, Office of Special Education, and Michigan's federal Parent-Training and Information Center (PTIC) funded by U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP). www.michiganallianceforfamilies.org 1-800-552-4821 info@michiganallianceforfamilies.org

MICHIGAN Education









